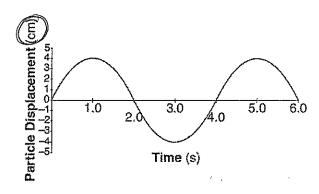
- 201. A pulse travels the length of a stretched spring. The pulse transfers
 - a. Energy, only
 - b. Mass, only
 - c. Both energy and mass
 - d. Neither energy nor mass
- 202. The graph below represents the displacement of a particle in a medium over a period of time.



The amplitude of the wave is

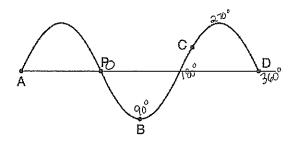
b. 4m

c. 8 cm

d. 4 s

203. What is the period of a water wave if 4 complete waves pass a fixed point in 10 seconds?

204. The diagram below represents a periodic wave.



Which point on the wave is 90° out of phase with point P?

205.	What is the v	vavelength of a	256-hertz sound	wave in	air at STP?
200.	vviiat is the v	vavelengutora	230-Hel (2 SOUHU	wavem	ali al SiPi

- a. 1.17 x 10⁶m
- (b. 1.29m)
- c. 0.773m
- d. 8.53 x10⁻⁷m

206. Which statement correctly describes one characteristic of a sound wave?

- a. A sound wave can-travel-through-a-vacuum-
- A sound wave is a transverse wave

c. The amount of energy in a sound wave is directly related to the wave's amplitude.

d. The amount of energy-a-sound-wave-transmits-is-inversely-related to the wave's frequency.

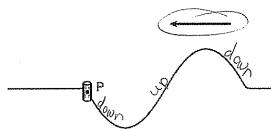
Energy in a mechanical wave is related to amplitude Sound is a mechanical longitudinal wave

207. Which particles are not affected by the strong force?

- a. Hadrons
- b. Protons
- c. Neutrons
- d. Electrons

acts on ale of

The diagram below represents a transverse water wave propagating toward the left. A cork is 208. floating on the water's surface at point P.

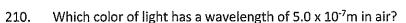


In which direction will the cork move as the wave passes point P?

- a. Up, then down, then up
- (b. Down, then up, then down
- c. Left, then right, then left
- d. Right, the left, then right

209. A deuterium nucleus consists of one proton and one neutron. The quark composition of a deuterium nucleus is

- a. 2 up quarks and 2 down quarks
- b. 2 up quarks and 4 down quarks
- (c. 3 up quarks and 3 down quarks)
 - d. '4 up quarks and 2 down quarks



Need" to determine

- a. Blue
- 6.1-659x10"
- nair=1 50 V=9n=3x108m/s
- c. Orange

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}{5 \times 10^7 \text{ m}} = .6 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$$

- What is the speed of light with a frequency of 5.09 x 10¹⁴Hz when traveling through water? 211. a: 5.6 x 1014mr/s
 - :b:=3:0 x 108m/s
 - 2.25 x 108m/s
 - $d = 4.4 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
- $V = \frac{C}{D} = \frac{3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}{1.33}$
- Determine the frequency of a <u>radio wave</u> with a wavelength of 1875m moving in air at STP a. $1.6 \times 10^5 \, \text{Hz}$ $\gamma = 1875 \, \text{m}$ $\gamma = 1875 \, \text{m}$ $\gamma = 1875 \, \text{m}$ $\gamma = 3 \times 10^8 \, \text{m/s}$ c. $1.5 \times 10^{11} \, \text{Hz}$ d. $6.1 \times 10^5 \, \text{Hz}$
- 212.
 - (a. 1.6 x 10⁵ Hz)

- d. 6.1 x 10⁵Hz

- =1.6x105Hz
- Which of the following waves has the highest frequency? 213.
- b. Green Light (c. blue light) d. yellow light
- Compared to the speed of a microwave in air, the speed of a radio wave in air is 214.
 - a. Greater
- c. the same

Both EM waves more at "c"

- Compared to the speed of a radio wave in air, the speed of a sound wave in air at STP is

 a. Greater

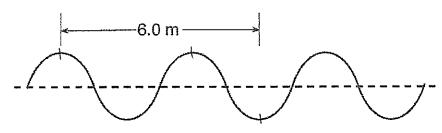
 b. less

 c. the same

 Vadio wave moves at 3×108m/s

 Sound moves at 331m/s 215.

216.



a) For the wave pictured above, determine the wavelength of a single cycle [1]

b) If the entire wave train above took 12 seconds to pass, what is the frequency of the wave? (show work

- T = $\frac{\text{seconds}}{\text{cycles}} = \frac{12 \text{ seconds}}{3 \text{ cycles}} = 4 \text{ s. }$ The seconds of the wave (show all work including equation, substitution and units)? [2] = $\frac{3 \text{ cycles}}{25 \text{ Hz}}$

$$V = \frac{\lambda}{1}$$
 or $V = \frac{\lambda}{1}$ or $V = \frac{\lambda}{1}$ $V = \frac{\lambda}$