Name:
Date:
Period:
Exercise 1: Identifying and Fixing Sentence Fragments Try the three-part from above for each of the following groups of words. In each case, identify what, if anything, is missing. If the group of words is missing a subject, write <i>S</i> and give the words a subject. If it is missing a verb, write <i>V</i> and give the words a verb. If the group of words has both a subject and a verb, but doesn't have a complete thought, write <i>I</i> and give the words a complete thought. Write <i>C</i> if the words form a complete sentence.
1. Vampire bats only in the tropics of Central and South America.
2. Most horror tales about vampire bats aren't true.
3. Vampire bats very small mammals.
4. Although they do bite other animals.
5. Don't drain their victims of blood.
6. Their small teeth are as sharp as needles.
7. While animals are sleeping.
8. But can be dangerous.

9. Tł	ne greatest danger to victims is infection.		
10. Vampire bats carriers of rabies.			
Identify	e 2: Identifying and Fixing Sentence Fragments – More Practice each of the following word groups as a <i>sentence</i> or a <i>fragment</i> and turn gment into a complete sentence.		
1.	Willa Cather was born in Back Creek Valley in northern Virginia.		
2.	In 1883, when she was nine years old.		
3.	Her family moved to the treeless prairie of Nebraska.		
4.	Fascinated by the wild and rolling plains.		
5.	Tracked buffalo and collecting prairie flowers.		
6.	She listened to the stories of neighboring settlers.		
7.	They told memorable tales about the harsh struggles of the homesteaders.		
8.	After she graduated from high school in the village of Red Cloud Nebraska.		

9.	There are old pictures of Red Cloud that shows the shops and people the would have been familiar to Willa Cather.
10	.And the Opera House at the end of the street where Cather and her class
	graduated in 1890.